

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. Plaintiffs file this action against Defendants for trademark infringement and trademark dilution under the Lanham Trademark Act of 1946, 15 U.S.C. §1051 et seq. (the "Lanham Act"), and related claims of unfair competition and trademark dilution under the statutory and common law of the State of California. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the Federal trademark counterfeiting and infringement and trademark dilution claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C.A §§1121(a), 1331, 1338(a).
- 2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the remaining claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C.A § 1367, since those claims are related to and arise from the same set of facts as Plaintiffs' trademark infringement claims.
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants do business within this judicial district, and the acts complained of occurred in this judicial district.
- 4. This action arises out of wrongful acts by Defendants within this judicial district. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because the claims asserted arise in this district.

THE PARTIES

- 5. Plaintiff Coach, Inc. is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Maryland, with its principal place of business in New York, New York. Plaintiff Coach Services, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Coach, Inc., is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Maryland with its principal place of business in Jacksonville, Florida. Plaintiffs Coach, Inc. and Coach Services, Inc. will hereinafter be collectively referred to as "Coach."
- 6. Upon information and belief, Defendant Alluring is an unknown business entity with an office and principal place of business at 7710 Balboa Ave. Ste. 310, San Diego, California 92111.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant Vo Sy is an individual domiciled in this judicial district and/or doing business at Alluring.

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- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant Jacqueline Sy is an individual domiciled in this judicial district and/or doing business at Alluring.
- 9. Plaintiffs are unaware of the names and true capacities of Defendants, whether individual, corporate and/or partnership entities, named herein as DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, and therefore sue them by their fictitious names. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this complaint when their true names and capacities are ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that said Defendants and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, are in some manner responsible for the wrongs alleged herein, and that at all times referenced each was the agent and servant of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and employment.
- 10. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that at all relevant times herein, Defendants and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, knew or reasonably should have known of the acts and behavior alleged herein and the damages caused thereby, and by their inaction ratified and encouraged such acts and behavior. Plaintiffs further allege that Defendants and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, had a non-delegable duty to prevent or cause such acts and the behavior described herein, which duty Defendants and DOES 1 though 10, inclusive, failed and/or refused to perform.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- A. The Coach Brand and its Family of Marks
- 11. Coach was founded more than sixty years ago as a family-run workshop in Manhattan. Since then Coach has been engaged in the manufacture, marketing and sale of fine leather and mixed material products including handbags, wallets, accessories, eyewear, footwear, jewelry and watches. Coach sells its goods through its own specialty retail stores, department stores, catalogs and via an Internet website www.coach.com throughout the United States.

Coach is the worldwide owner of the trademark "COACH" and various 12. composite trademarks and assorted design components (collectively "Coach Marks"). Coach Marks include but are not limited to the following marks:

Mark	U.S. Registration No(s).	Registration Date	
"COACH"	751, 493	06/25/1963	
	1,071,000	08/09/1977	
	2,088,706	08/19/1997	
	3,157,972	10/17/2006	
Coach est.1941	3,413,536	04/15/2008	
OF CH OF TO HOUSE	3,251,315	06/12/2007	
COACIHI LEATHERWARE EST. 1941	3,441,671	06/03/2008	
COACH	2,252,847	06/15/1999	
	2,534,429	01/29/2002	
COACH	1,309,779	12/18/1984	
	2,045,676	03/18/1997	
	2,169,808	06/30/1998	
	2,592,963	07/09/2002	
ČŽ () ()	2,626,565	09/24/2002	
Signature "C" Logo	2,822,318	03/16/2004	
	2,832,589	04/13/2004	
	2,822,629	03/16/2004	
	3,695,290	10/13/2009	

88	3,696,470	10/13/2009
Coach "Op Art" Mark		
	3,012,585	11/08/2005
GOACID	3,338,048	11/11/2007
CONCIL	2,162,303	06/02/1998
Server de la constant	2,088,707	08/19/1997

13. Coach has long been manufacturing and selling in interstate commerce high quality leather and mixed material products under the Coach Marks. These registrations are valid and subsisting and are incontestable. Through longstanding use, advertising, and registration, the Coach Marks have achieved a high degree of consumer recognition and constitute famous marks.

- 14. Coach and its predecessors have continuously used the Coach Marks in interstate commerce in connection with the sale, distribution, promotion, and advertising of its goods for four decades.
- 15. Plaintiff's Coach Marks are highly recognized by the public and serve to identify the source of the goods as Coach.
- 16. Coach has achieved sales volumes of over three billion dollars annually and has spent over a hundred million dollars in advertising, promoting, and marketing goods bearing the Coach Marks. As such, the Coach Marks and the goodwill associated therewith are valuable assets of Coach.
- 17. Due to Coach and its predecessors' long use, extensive sales, and significant advertising and promotional activities, the Coach Marks have achieved widespread acceptance and recognition among the consuming public and trade throughout the United States. The arbitrary and distinctive Coach Marks identify Coach as the source/origin of the goods on which it appears.

B. Defendants' Infringing Conduct

- 18. On or around April 2010, Plaintiff discovered that Alluring, an unknown business entity located at 7710 Balboa Avenue, Suite 310 in the city of San Diego, California, had been offering for sale, and/or selling goods bearing counterfeit reproductions of various marks, including those owned by Coach.
- 19. On April 23, 2010, a search warrant was served at Alluring and over thirteen thousand counterfeit items were seized. Amongst the seized items were counterfeit Coach handbags, key chains, necklaces, shoes, sunglasses, wallets, and labels.
- 20. Coach representatives have inspected samples of the Coach-branded merchandise obtained from Alluring and have determined said merchandise to be counterfeit.

- 21. Upon information and belief, Defendants Vo Sy and Jacqueline Sy were the active, moving, and conscious forces behind the alleged infringing activities of Alluring.
- 22. None of the above-named Defendants are authorized by Coach to manufacture, distribute, advertise, offer for sale, and/or sell merchandise bearing any of the Coach Marks.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Trademark Counterfeiting – 15 U.S.C. § 1114)

- 23. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 24. Defendants, without authorization from Coach, have used and are continuing to use spurious designations that are identical to, or substantially indistinguishable from, the Coach Marks in interstate commerce.
- 25. The foregoing acts of Defendants are intended to cause, have caused, and are likely to continue to cause confusion or mistake, or to deceive consumers, the public, and the trade into believing that Defendants' counterfeit products are genuine or authorized products of Coach.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendants have acted with knowledge of Coach's ownership of the Coach Marks and with deliberate intention or willful blindness to unfairly benefit from the incalculable goodwill inherent in the Coach Marks.
- 27. Defendants' acts constitute trademark counterfeiting in violation of Section 32 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1114).
- 28. Upon information and belief, Defendants have made and will continue to make substantial profits and gains to which they are not in law or equity entitled.
- 29. Upon information and belief, Defendants intend to continue their infringing acts, unless restrained by this Court.

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- 30. Defendants' acts have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.
- 31. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using the Coach Marks or any marks identical and/or confusingly similar thereto for any purpose, and to recover from Defendants all damages, including attorneys' fees, that Plaintiffs have sustained and will sustain as a result of such infringing acts, and all gains, profits and advantages obtained by Defendants as a result thereof, in an amount not yet known, as well as the costs of this action pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a), attorneys' fees and treble damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), and/or statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C § 1117(c).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Federal Trademark Infringement – 15 U.S.C. 1114)

- Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding 32. paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- The Coach Marks are nationally recognized, including within the 33. Southern District of California, as being affixed to goods and merchandise of the highest quality and coming from Plaintiffs.
- The registrations embodying the Coach Marks are in full force and 34. effect and Plaintiffs have authorized responsible manufacturers and vendors to sell merchandise with these marks.
- Defendants' unauthorized use of the Coach Marks on inferior quality 35. merchandise in interstate commerce and advertising relating to same constitutes false designation of origin and a false representation that the goods and services are manufactured, offered, sponsored, authorized, licensed by or otherwise connected with Plaintiffs or come from the same source as Plaintiffs' goods and are of the same quality as that assured by the Coach Marks.
- Defendants' use of The Coach Marks is without Plaintiffs' permission or 36. authority and is in total disregard of Plaintiffs' rights to control their trademarks.

- 37. Defendants' activities are likely to lead to and result in confusion, mistake or deception and are likely to cause the public to believe that Plaintiffs have produced, sponsored, authorized, licensed or are otherwise connected or affiliated with Defendants' commercial and business activities, all to the detriment of Plaintiffs.
- 38. Upon information and belief, Defendants' acts are deliberate and intended to confuse the public as to the source of Defendants' goods or services and to injure Plaintiffs and reap the benefit of Plaintiffs' goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' trademarks.
- 39. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' willful and unlawful conduct, Plaintiffs have been injured and will continue to suffer injury to their businesses and reputations unless Defendants are restrained by this Court from infringing Plaintiffs' trademarks.
- 40. Defendants' acts have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.
- 41. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using The Coach Marks or any marks identical and/or confusingly similar thereto for any purpose, and to recover from Defendants all damages, including attorneys' fees, that Plaintiffs have sustained and will sustain as a result of such infringing acts, and all gains, profits and advantages obtained by Defendants as a result thereof, in an amount not yet known, as well as the costs of this action pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a), attorneys' fees and treble damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), and/or statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C § 1117(c).

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(False Designation of Origin and False Advertising - 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

42. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

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- 43. The Coach Marks are nonfunctional and their inherently distinctive quality has achieved a high degree of consumer recognition and serves to identify Plaintiffs as the source of high-quality goods.
- 44. Defendants' promotion, advertising, distribution, sale, and/or offering for sale of counterfeit Coach products, together with Defendants' use of other indicia associated with Coach is intended, and is likely to confuse, mislead, or deceive consumers, the public, and the trade as to the origin, source, sponsorship, or affiliation of said products, and is intended, and is likely to cause such parties to believe in error that the Defendants' counterfeit products have been authorized, sponsored, approved, endorsed or licensed by Coach, or that Defendants are in some way affiliated with Coach
- 45. Defendants' use of the Coach Marks is without Plaintiffs' permission or authority and is in total disregard of Plaintiffs' rights to control their trademarks.
- 46. Defendants' acts have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.
- 47. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using The Coach Marks, or any marks confusingly similar thereto, and to recover all damages, including attorneys' fees, that Plaintiffs have sustained and will sustain, and all gains, profits and advantages obtained by Defendants as a result of their infringing acts alleged above in an amount not yet known, as well as the costs of this action.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Federal Trademark Dilution – 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c))

- 48. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 49. The Coach Marks are strong and distinctive marks that have been in use for many years and have achieved enormous and widespread public recognition, and are thus "famous" within the meaning of the Lanham Act.

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- 50. Defendants have used in commerce in connection with the sale of their products counterfeit reproductions of the Coach Marks, which is likely to cause, and most likely has caused, confusion or mistake as to the affiliation, connection, or association between Defendants and Plaintiffs, or as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of said counterfeit goods by Plaintiffs.
- 51. Defendants' acts described above have diluted and continue to dilute the unique and distinctive Coach Marks. These acts violate the Lanham Act, have injured and, unless immediately restrained, will continue to injure Plaintiffs, causing damage to Plaintiffs in an amount to be determined at trial, as well as irreparable injury to the goodwill and reputation associated with the Coach Marks.
- 52. Upon information and belief, Defendants' unlawful actions began long after the Coach Marks became famous.
- 53. Upon information and belief, Defendants acted knowingly, deliberately and willfully with the intent to trade on the reputation of the Coach® brand, and to dilute the Coach Marks. Defendants' conduct is willful, wanton, and egregious.
- 54. Upon information and belief, the individual Defendants herein named were active, moving, conscious forces behind the alleged infringing activities.
- 55. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to compensate them fully for the damages that have been caused and which will continue to be caused by Defendants' unlawful acts unless they are enjoined by this Court.
- 56. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using the Coach Marks, and to recover all damages, including attorneys' fees, that Plaintiffs have sustained and will sustain, and all gains, profits and advantages obtained by Defendants as a result of their infringing acts alleged above in an amount not yet known, as well as the costs of this action.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Trademark Dilution in Violation of Cal. & Bus. Prof. Code)

- 57. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 58. The Coach Marks are distinctive in the State of California by virtue of their substantial inherent and acquired distinctiveness, extensive use in the State of California, and the extensive advertising and wide spread publicity of the marks in the State of California.
- 59. As a result of the substantial inherent and acquired distinctiveness of the Coach Marks, their extensive use in the State of California, and the extensive advertising and publicity of said marks in the State of California, the Coach Marks have become strong and are widely renowned.
- 60. The actions of Defendants complained of herein are likely to injure the business reputations and dilute the distinctive quality of the Coach Marks, which are famous.
- 61. The foregoing acts of Defendants constitute dilution and injury to business reputations in violation of the California Business and Professions Code.
- 62. The conduct herein complained of was extreme, outrageous, fraudulent, and was inflicted on Plaintiffs in reckless disregard of Plaintiffs' rights. Said conduct was despicable and harmful to Plaintiffs and as such supports an award of exemplary and punitive damages in an amount sufficient to punish and make an example of the Defendants and to deter them from similar such conduct in the future.
- 63. Upon information and belief, the individual Defendants herein named were active, moving, conscious forces behind the alleged infringing activities.
- 64. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are being damaged by Defendants' unauthorized and illegal use of the Coach Marks in the manner set forth above, and will continue to be damaged unless Defendants are immediately enjoined under

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Section 14247 of the California Business and Professions Code from using any of the Coach Marks.

- 65. Plaintiffs will be irreparably injured by the continued acts of Defendants, unless such acts are enjoined.
- Defendants' acts have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintiffs, 66. and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.
- 67. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using the Coach Marks for any purpose, destruction of the counterfeit merchandise, and recovery of up to three times their profits from, and up to three times all damages suffered by reason of, Defendants' wrongful manufacture, use, display, or sale of infringing products.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Common Law Unfair Competition)

- 68. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by reference the averments of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 69. Plaintiffs own and enjoy common law trademark rights to the Coach Marks in California and throughout the United States.
- 70. Defendants' unlawful acts in appropriating rights in the Coach Marks were intended to capitalize on Plaintiffs' goodwill associated therewith for Defendants' own pecuniary gain. Plaintiffs have expended substantial time, resources and effort to obtain an excellent reputation for their respective brands. As a result of Plaintiffs' efforts, Defendants are now unjustly enriched and are benefiting from property rights that rightfully belong to Plaintiffs.
- Defendants' unauthorized use of the Coach Marks has caused and is 71. likely to cause confusion as to the source of Defendants' products, all to the detriment of Plaintiffs.
- 72. Defendants' acts are willful, deliberate, and intended to confuse the 28 | public and to injure Plaintiffs.

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- 73. Defendants' acts constitute unfair competition under California common law.
- 74. Plaintiffs have been irreparably harmed and will continue to be irreparably harmed as a result of Defendants' unlawful acts unless Defendants are permanently enjoined from their unlawful conduct.
- 75. The conduct herein complained of was extreme, outrageous, fraudulent, and was inflicted on Plaintiffs in reckless disregard of Plaintiffs' rights. Said conduct was despicable and harmful to Plaintiffs, and as such supports an award of exemplary and punitive damages in an amount sufficient to punish and make an example of the Defendants and to deter them from similar such conduct in the future.
- 76. Defendants' acts have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.
- 77. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from using the Coach Marks, and to recover all damages, including attorneys' fees, that Plaintiffs have sustained and will sustain and all gains, profits and advantages obtained by Defendants as a result of their infringing acts alleged above in an amount not yet known, as well as the costs of this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully pray for judgment against Defendants, as follows:

- 1. Granting temporary, preliminary and permanent injunctive relief restraining and enjoining Defendants, their officers, agents, employees, and attorneys, and all those persons or entities in active concert or participation with them from:
- (a) manufacturing, importing, advertising, marketing, promoting, supplying, distributing, offering for sale, or selling any products which bear the Coach Marks, or any other mark confusingly similar thereto;

- (b) engaging in any other activity constituting unfair competition with Coach, or acts and practices that deceive consumers, the public, and/or trade, including without limitation, the use of designations and design elements associated with Coach;
- (c) engaging in any other activity that will dilute the distinctiveness of the Coach Marks;
- (d) committing any other act which falsely represents or which has the effect of falsely representing that the goods and services of Defendants are licensed by, authorized by, offered by, produced by, sponsored by, or in any other way associated with Plaintiffs;
- 2. Ordering Defendants to recall from any distributors and retailers and to deliver to Coach for destruction or other disposition all remaining inventory of all infringing products, including all advertisements, promotional and marketing materials therefore, as well as means of making same;
- 3. Ordering Defendants to file with this Court and serve on Coach within thirty (30) days after entry of the injunction a report in writing, under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendants have complied with the injunction;
- 4. Ordering an accounting by Defendants of all gains, profits and advantages derived from their wrongful acts;
- 5. Awarding Plaintiffs all of Defendants' profits and all damages sustained by Plaintiff as a result of Defendants' wrongful acts, and such other compensatory damages as the Court determines to be fair and appropriate pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a);
- 6. Awarding treble damages in the amount of Defendants' profits or Plaintiffs' damages, whichever is greater, for willful infringement pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b);
- 7. Awarding applicable interest, costs, disbursements and attorneys' fees, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b);
 - 8. Awarding Plaintiffs' statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1117(c);

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1	9. Such other relie	ef as may be just and proper.
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3	Dated: June 24, 2010	BLAKELY LAW GROUP
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5		By: Brent H. Blakely
6		Cindy Chan \
7		Attorneys for Plaintiffs Coach, Inc. and Coach Services, Inc.
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9	<u>]</u>	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
10	Pursuant to Rule 38(t	o) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiffs hereby
11	demand a trial by jury as to	all claims in this litigation.
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13	Dated: June 24, 2010	BLAKELY LAW GROUP
14		
15		By: Brent H. Blakely
16		Cindy Chan \
17		Attorneys for Plaintiffs Coach, Inc. and Coach Services, Inc.
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%JS 44 (Rev 12/07)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other paper by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY A DEPUTY

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

COACH, INC.; COACH SERVICES, INC.

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff

New York

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

ALLURING; Vo Sy; Jaqueline Sy

DEFENDANTS

San Diego

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant

(IN U.S PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.

Brent H. Blakely (SBN BLAKELY LAW GRC	a, Address, and Telephone Number) I 157292) Cindy Chan (SBN 247495) IUP, 915 N. Citrus Ave., Hollywood, CA	90038-2401	Attorneys (If Known)	'10 CV 1 34	4 JAH CA		
T: 323-464-7400 F: 3	23-4/4-/410 PICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CIT	IZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff □ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	© 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) (In 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item	(Fo Citizen Citizen	or Diversity Cases Only) PT of This State of Another State	T DEF 1 In l Incorporated or Pri of Business In This	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF Incipal Place		
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□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 250 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL 1 □ 310 Airplane □ 362 Personal 3 □ 315 Airplane Product Med Ma Liability □ 365 Personal 1 □ 320 Assault, Libel & Product I	INJURY 3 610 A Injury - 620 G Injury - 620 G Injury - 620 G Injury - 630 G Injury	Agriculture Other Food & Drug Drug Related Seizure of Proporty 21 USC 881 Liquor Laws R.R. & Truck Aurline Rega. Occupational Safety/Health	422 Appeal 28 USC 158 422 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 28 USC 157 28 USC 157 320 Copyrights 330 Patent 340 Trademark 340 Trademark 360 HIA (1395ff) 362 Black Lung (923) 363 BI OFF 364 SSID Table XVI 365 RSI (405(g)) 365 RSI (405(g)) 570 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 371 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 400 State Reexportionment □ 410 Antirust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 450 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 875 Customer Challenge □ 12 USC 3410 □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 892 Economic Stabilization Act □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 894 Energy Allocation Act □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
V. ORIGIN Place an "X" in One Box Only) 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 1 4 Reinstated or Reopened 1 5 Transferred from another district (specify) 1 6 Multidistrict 7 7 Magistrate Judgment 1 8 Multidistrict (specify) 1 8 Multidistrict 1 7 8 Multidistrict 1 7 8 Multidistrict 1 7 8 Multidistrict 1 7 8 Multidistrict 1 8 Multidi							
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	45 UCC 4444 and	1125		ni stamites unless diversity):			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:			MAND \$ 100,000.00	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	ifdemanded in complaint: ØSYes ☐ No		
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions) JUDGE	····	`	DOCKET NUMBER			
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, Court Name: USDC California Southern

Division: 3

Receipt Number: CAS014974

Cashier ID: mbain

Transaction Date: 06/25/2010

Payer Name: BRENT BLAKELY LAW OFFICE

CIVIL FILING FEE

For: COACH INC V ALLURING

Case/Party: D-CAS-3-10-CV-001344-001

Amount: \$350.00

CHECK

Check/Money Order Num: 2856 Amt Tendered: \$350.00

Total Due:

\$350.00 Total Tendered: \$350.00

Change Amt:

\$0.00

There will be a fee of \$45.00 charged for any returned check.